LC01943

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2008

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES - DIESEL EMISSIONS REDUCTION ACT

Introduced By: Representatives Sullivan, Winfield, O'Neill, Melo, and Segal

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 26, 2008

Referred To: House Environment and Natural Resources

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 31-47.3-2 and 31-47.3-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 31-47.3

entitled "The Diesel Emissions Reduction Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:

31-47.3-2. **Definitions.** — When used in this chapter:

4 (1) "Best available retrofit technology" means technology, verified by the United States

Environmental Protection Agency or California Air Resources Board (CARB) for achieving

6 reductions in particulate matter emissions at the highest classification level for diesel emission

control strategies that is applicable to the particular engine and application. Such technology shall

not result in a net increase in nitrogen oxides.

9 (2) "Heavy duty vehicle" or "vehicle" means any on-road or nonroad vehicle powered by

diesel fuel and having a gross vehicle weight of greater than fourteen thousand (14,000) pounds.

(3) "Director" refers to the director of the department of environmental management

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13 (4) "Level 1 control" means a verified diesel emission control device that achieves a

particulate matter (PM) reduction of twenty-five percent (25%) or more compared to uncontrolled

15 engine emissions levels.

16 (5) "Level 2 control" means a verified diesel emission control device that achieves a

particulate matter (PM) emission reduction of fifty percent (50%) or more compared to

18 uncontrolled engine emission levels.

1	(6) "Level 3 control" means a verified diesel emission control device that achieves a
2	particulate matter (PM) emission reduction of eighty-five percent (85%) or more compared to
3	uncontrolled engine emission levels, or that reduces emissions to less than or equal to one one-
4	hundredth (0.01) grams of (PM) per brake horsepower-hour. Level 3 control includes repowering
5	or replacing the existing diesel engine with an engine meeting US EPA's 2007 Heavy-duty
6	Highway Diesel Standards, or in the case of a nonroad engine, an engine meeting the US EPA's
7	Tier 4 Nonroad Diesel Standards.
8	(7) "Closed crankcase ventilation system (CCV)" means a system that separates oil and
9	other contaminant from the blow-by gases and routes the blow-by gases into a diesel engine's
10	intake system downstream of air filter.
11	(8) "Full-sized school bus" means a school bus, as defined in (Rhode Island general law)
12	section (31-1-3), which is a type 1 diesel school bus, including spare buses operated by or under
13	contract to a school district, but not including emergency contingency vehicles or low usage
14	vehicles.
15	(9) "Model year 2007 emission standards" means engine standards promulgated by the
16	federal Environmental Protection Agency in 40 CFR Parts 69, 80 and 86.
17	(10) "Verified emissions control device" means a device that has been verified by the
18	federal Environmental Protection Agency or the California Air Resources Board to reduce
19	particulate matter emissions by a given amount.
20	(11) "Ultra low sulfur diesel fuel" means die sel fuel having sulfur content of fifteen
21	thousandths percent (.0015%) of sulfur or less, as defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection
22	Agency at 40 CFR section 80.520.
23	31-47.3-3. Reducing emissions from school buses (a) Purpose To reduce health
24	risks from diesel particulate matter (DPM) to Rhode Island school children by significantly
25	reducing tailpipe emissions from school buses, and preventing engine emissions from entering the
26	passenger cabin of the buses.
27	(b) Requirements for Rhode Island school buses:
28	(i) By September 1, 2010, no full-size school bus with an engine model year 1993 or

verified by the US Environmental Protection Agency or the California Air Resources Board; or (B) be equipped with an engine of model year 2007 or newer; or (C) achieve the same or higher

sized school buses transporting children in Rhode Island must be retrofitted with a closed

crankcase ventilation system and either: (A) be equipped with a level 1, level 2, or level 3 device

(ii) Providing there is sufficient federal or state monies, by September 1, 2010, all full-

older may be used to transport school children in Rhode Island; and,

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diesel PM reductions through the use of an alternative fuel such as compressed natural gas verified by CARB/EPA to reduce DPM emissions at a level equivalent to or higher than subsection (B) above.

- (c) Financial assistance to defray costs of pollution reductions called for in (b)(ii):
- (i) DEM shall work with the Rhode Island department of transportation or other authorized transit agencies to maximize the allocation of federal congestion mitigation and air quality (CMAQ) money for Rhode Island for diesel emissions reductions in federal FY 2008 and thereafter until the retrofit goals in this act are met. The (CMAQ) program is jointly administered by the federal highway administration (FHWA) and the federal transit administration (FTA), and was reauthorized by congress in 2005 under the safe, accountable, flexible, and efficient transportation equity act: A legacy for users (SAFETEA-LU). The (SAFETEA-LU) requires states and MPOs to give priority in distributing CMAQ funds to diesel engine retrofits, and other cost-effective emission reduction and congestion mitigation activities that benefit air quality.
- (ii) Drawing upon any available federal or state monies, the director shall establish and implement a system of providing incentives consistent with this section to municipalities, vendors, or school bus owners for the purchase and installation of any CARB/EPA-verified emission control retrofit device together with the purchase and installation of closed crankcase ventilation system (CCV) retrofit device. In 2007, the per-unit incentive shall not exceed one thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$1,250) for a level 1 device plus a CCV, or two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for a level 2 device plus a CCV, or for model years 2003-2006 five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for a level 3 device plus a CCV. Incentive levels may be reevaluated annually, with the goal of maintaining competition in the market for retrofit devices. To the extent practicable, in kind services will also be utilized to offset some of the costs. Incentive recipients must also certify that newly purchased or retrofitted buses with a level 3 technology will operate in the state of Rhode Island for a minimum of four (4) years.
 - (d) Priority community provision:
- (i) When penalty funds, state SEP funds, federal funds, or funds from other state or nonstate sources become available, these should first be allocated toward further offsetting costs of achieving "best available" emissions control in "priority communities";
- (ii) The "best available" standard is attained by all new buses (MY2007 and newer) and by diesel buses model year 2003 to 2006, inclusive that has been retrofitted with level 3-verified diesel particulate filters and closed crankcase ventilation systems, by diesel buses model year 1994 to 2002, inclusive that has been retrofitted with at least level 2-verified diesel particulate filters and closed crankcase ventilation systems or could be achieved with a natural gas bus that

achieves the same or better standards of cleanliness as a 2007 diesel bus standard; and

(iii) "Priority communities" (to be identified by the Rhode Island DEM) are Rhode Island communities that have high levels of ambient air pollution and high incidence of childhood respiratory impacts.

To achieve the pressing public health and environmental goals of this act, DEM shall identify opportunities to achieve maximize PM reductions from diesel powered heavy duty vehicle or equipment that is owned by, operated by, or on behalf of, or leased by, or operating under a contact to a state agency or state or regional public authority (except vehicles that are specifically equipped for emergency response) and diesel powered waste collection and recycling vehicles that are owned, leased, or contracted to perform the removal or transfer or municipal, commercial or residential waste, or recycling services. No later than January 1, 2008, DEM shall present a report to the general assembly, governor, house committee on environment and natural resources, and the senate committee on environment and agriculture on such opportunities to maximum PM reductions from the aforementioned fleets including legislative changes, regulatory changes, funding sources, contract requirements, procurement requirements, and other mechanisms that will bring about maximum PM reductions from these two priority fleets. This report shall explore funding sources beyond CMAQ, including but not limited to Diesel Reductions Emissions Reduction Act (DERA) funds under the Federal Energy Act.

Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

SECTION 2. Chapter 31-47.3 of the General Laws entitled "The Diesel Emissions Reduction Act" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections:

<u>31-47.3-1.1. Purpose. --</u> This act shall be known and may be cited as "The Diesel Emissions reduction Act of 2008." The general purposes of this act are to:

(1) Minimize human exposure to and health risks from diesel pollution between the years 2008 and 2015;

(2) reduce health costs, missed school days, lost worker productivity and premature mortality linked to exposure to diesel particulate matter (PM), nitrogen oxides (NOx) and other diesel pollutants;

(3) achieve maximum feasible diesel particulate matter emissions reductions and diminished human exposure that is additional to the impact of federal diesel emission rules which

1	focus mostly on new engines;
2	(4) advance the state's climate protection goals and climate action plan by reducing the
3	amount of black carbon pollution emitted by diesels; and
4	(5) achieve health benefits for Rhode Island without requiring appropriations from the
5	general fund by ensuring state contracting and leasing takes advantage of retrofits that are
6	occurring in the marketplace.
7	31-47.3-4. Use of ultra low sulfur diesel and emission control technology in new state
8	contracts
9	(1) By January 1, 2009 all diesel powered heavy duty vehicles that are owned by,
10	operated by or on behalf of, or leased by or operating under contract to a state agency or state or
11	regional public authority shall be powered by ultra low sulfur diesel fuel.
12	(2) All diesel powered heavy duty vehicles and construction equipment purchased or
13	otherwise acquired or leased after January 1, 2009 by a state agency or state or regional public
14	authority shall utilize particulate matter (PM) emissions control technology based on the
15	following requirements:
16	(a) all diesel onroad vehicles must be powered by model year 1994 or later engines, and
17	such engines model years between and including 1994-2006 must be equipped with Level 3
18	emission control technology;
19	(b) all diesel nonroad vehicles must be equipped with engines model year 1994 or newer.
20	Engines 75 hp and greater must be equipped with emission control technology verified by US
21	EPA or the California Air Resources Board (CARB) for use with nonroad engines to reduce
22	particulate matter emissions by a minimum of twenty percent (20%); and
23	(c) The director will evaluate the level of control technology for off road diesel vehicles,
24	taking into consideration advances in technology, cost to fleet owners, potential pollution
25	reductions, and other relevant factors. Based on the results of this evaluation, by January 1, 2011
26	the director is hereby authorized to require a higher level of control technology through
27	regulations or procurement policies for off road vehicles.
28	(d) The effective date for this provision for fleets with fifteen (15) or fewer heavy duty on
29	road diesel vehicles is January 1, 2010.
30	(e) The emission control technology requirements of this subsection 2 (a)-(d) herein shall
31	not apply to:
32	(i) any vehicle purchased prior to January 1, 2009, or subject to a lease or public works
33	contract entered into, extended, or renewed prior to January 1, 2009;
34	(ii) vehicles that are specially equipped for emergency esponse by a state authority,

1	office of emergency management, sheriff's office, police department or fire department, as well as
2	timber harvesting equipment such as harvesters, wood chippers, log skidders, and other
3	processing equipment used exclusively off highway for timber harvesting and logging purposes,
4	and farm equipment;
5	(e) Upon written finding by the director that control technology for reducing the
6	emissions of pollutants as required by subsection 2 is not available for an individual vehicle or
7	class of vehicles having a model year 1994 or later engine, the director may grant a waiver, in
8	writing, providing reasons therefore, and requiring the highest level of control that is available.
9	(3) On or before January 1, 2010 and every year thereafter, the director shall report to the
10	governor and legislature on the use of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel and the use of the retrofit
11	technology as required under this section. The information in this report shall include, but not be
12	limited to, for each state agency and public authority covered by this section:
13	(a) the total number of diesel fuel-powered motor vehicles and construction equipment
14	operated by, leased by or contracted by such agency and authority and the number of such
15	vehicles and equipment that were powered by ultra low sulfur diesel fuel and employing retrofit
16	technology as required under this section including a breakdown by motor vehicle model, engine
17	year and the type of technology used for each vehicle.
18	(b) the number of such motor vehicles that are equipped with an engine certified to the
19	applicable 2007 United States environment protection agency standard for particulate matter as
20	set forth in section 86.007-11 of title 40 of the code of federal regulations or to any subsequent
21	US EPA standard for particulate matter that is at least as stringent; and
22	(c) all waivers, findings, and renewals of such findings, which, for each waiver, shall
23	include, but not be limited to, the quantity of diesel fuel needed to power diesel fuel-powered
24	leased, contracted, or operated by such agency and authority; specific information concerning the
25	availability of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel.
26	(4) The department shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate with regions that have
27	proposed or adopted heavy duty emission inspection programs to promote regional consistency in
28	such programs.
29	31-47.3-5. Use of diesel retrofit devices for newly contracted waste haulers
30	(a) By January 1, 2009 any diesel powered waste collection and recycling vehicle with
31	engine model years between and including 1994-2006 that is newly purchased, acquired, leased,
32	or contracted to perform the removal or transfer of municipal waste, including residential or
33	commercial waste, or recycling services shall utilize Level 3 control retrofit technology for
34	reducing the emission of pollutants

1	(b) By January 1, 2009 it is prohibited to purchase, acquire, lease, or contract for the
2	operation of any diesel powered waste collection and recycling vehicle with engine model years
3	1993 and earlier to perform the removal or transfer of municipal waste, including residential or
4	commercial waste, or recycling.
5	(c) Upon written finding by the director that Level 3 control technology as required by
6	subdivision (a) of this section is not available for an individual vehicle or class of vehicles having
7	model year 1994 or later, the director may grant a waiver, in writing, providing reasons therefore
8	and requiring the highest level of emission control that is available.
9	(d) On or before January 1, 2010 and every year thereafter, the director shall report to the
10	governor and legislature on the use of Level 3 control retrofit technology on waste collection and
11	recycling vehicles required under this section. The information contained in this report shall
12	include, but not be limited to:
13	(i) the total number of diesel fuel-powered waste collection and recycling vehicles
14	covered by this section and the number of such diesel vehicles that were powered by ultra low
15	sulfur diesel fuel;
16	(ii) the total number of diesel fuel-powered waste collection and recycling vehicles
17	subject to this section between and including model years 1994-2006 and the number of such
18	vehicles between and including model years 1994-2006 that utilized Level 3 control retrofit
19	technology, including a breakdown by motor vehicle model, engine year and the type of
20	technology used for each vehicle;
21	(iii) the number of diesel waste collection and recycling vehicles that are equipped with
22	an engine certified to the applicable 2007 US EPA standard for particulate matter as set forth in
23	section 86.007-11 of title 40 of the code of federal regulations or to any subsequent US EPA
24	standard for particulate matter that is at least as stringent; and
25	(iv) all waivers, findings, and renewals of such findings, which, for each waiver, shall
26	include, but not be limited to, the quantity of diesel fuel needed to power diesel fuel-powered
27	motor vehicles operated by such agency and authority; specific information concerning the
28	availability of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel.
29	31-47.3-6. Federal funding Provided that all full-sized school buses, as defined in
30	Rhode Island general law section 31-47.3-2, transporting children in Rhode Island have been
31	retrofit with diesel emission control devises as specified in section 31-47.3-3, any additional
32	federal or state monies, including, but not limited to, federal CMAQ, federal DERA and any
33	federal or state settlement monies shall be used to retrofit heavy duty vehicles or construction
34	equipment engine year 1994 and later that are owned by, operated by or on behalf of, or leased by

1	or operating under contract to a state agency or state or regional public authority with Level 3
2	control technology, as specified in section 3 of this chapter, and diesel powered waste collection
3	and recycling vehicles engine year 1994 and later owned and operated by municipalities with
4	Level 3 control technology, as specified in section 4 of this act. Heavy duty vehicles and waste
5	haulers with pre-1994 model year engines and already owned or contracted by the state or
6	municipalities may be equipped with best available retrofit technology as defined by section 31-
7	47-3.2 to have achieved CARB or EPA verification. To the extent such funding is available it
8	shall be used to retrofit all such vehicles, equipment, and waste collection and recycling vehicles
9	as specified above, by September 1, 2010. To the extent only a portion of such equipment and
10	vehicles can be retrofit with such monies retrofits shall first be completed in priority communities
11	with high levels of ambient air pollution and high incidence of health impacts as determined by
12	the director pursuant to section 31-47.3.3, and such retrofits shall continue until the earlier of
13	September 1, 2015 or until all such retrofits are completed.
14	31-47.3-7. Severability If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act
15	shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all
16	further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof,
17	but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act
18	directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC01943

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

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RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES - DIESEL EMISSIONS REDUCTION ACT

This act would expand the diesel emissions reduction act in several regards, including the requirement that new state contracts and newly contracted waste haulers incorporate new technologies and use ultra low sulfur diesel fuel.

This act would take effect upon passage.